

A Year in the Life of a Giant Salamander

A salamander's year mostly focuses around its breeding.

In order to become the most dominant males, enter the caves from around the beginning of August.

At the end of August, they gather around the cave, and the larvae are born on the first of September.

The non-dominant males then split up and make their own way home. Only the most dominant remains, in order to raise and protect the eggs. From January to February the now grown, young salamanders leave, and the dominant male returns to his own cave.

From March to July, the Salamanders save their energy for the next mating season.

They do not hibernate.

